



Political Ideologies Triumph. Introducing 8 Groups Of People

January 16, 2024



Political ideologies are not fictitious fantasies or ideas of certain people or authorities, as some may consider. Ideology is a kind of clue to what each person thinks about others. It is about the country and how each person sees his country and society.

What Are Political Ideologies? What Are They Like?

There are many political ideologies exist. Scientists, philosophers, political activists and other people put a lot of work into implementation of their ideas. They put their vision of structure of the state, which should become a reality to their desire. So what is political ideology?

Political ideology is a system that was created by the subjective thinking of all the world's philosophers, scientists, politicians, activists and other personalities, which can be fixed as clear thoughts and stable desires of each specific person and group of people with similar interests and inner values. The main task of such system is to create a certain order.

This order is correct from the subjective point of view of that person or group of people. Such order will help them theoretically or practically control the area and will be used as favourable and understandable living conditions for such people.

Is It Possible, That These Conditions And Rules Will Spoil Or Damage The Life Quality Of Other People?

The short answer is yes. We have discovered innate preferences and tastes of different groups of people and such stable preferences gave us a reason to divide people into 8 innate groups. All values, thinking and interests of these groups are absolutely different. You can read about it by clicking on this link: <https://worldtypology.com/what-is-mentality-eight-innate-groups/>

So Why All Political Ideologies Are Different?

This is because all values, interests and beliefs of eight innate groups of people are different. Consequently, when a person becomes a scientist, philosopher or a politician, he starts to impose his subjective vision of the world order automatically. This subjective vision is nothing but his inner thinking, desire and stable values, which are clear and close to him, which he generates from the inside.

In other words, all political ideologies and ideas indicate to us what type of character and thinking the person who created it has. That is why we have so many different political ideologies today. And all these ideologies has a right to live, being a part of nature. Thus, political ideology can theoretically be used as an auxiliary tool for studying the portrait of a particular person or a group of people with similar values.

Classification Of All Political Ideologies By Groups Of People.

The representatives of all 8 innate groups of people have generating their ideas and political ideologies for centuries. Below we have created a classification of

such ideologies according to belonging to one or another innate group.

This classification was built using a logical method and comparison of historical facts with a theoretical typology about 8 groups of people, taking into account their preferences. The purpose of such a classification is to show an objective portrait, life activity and political interests of each group.

List Of Political Ideologies And Forms Of Government Divided Into Innate Groups:



Marxist:

Parliamentary and Soviet republic, socialist, expansionist and authoritarian totalitarianism, communism, marxism, national bolshevism, social conservatism, socialist humanism, ochlocracy, info-anarchism, proletariat, paternalism, syndicalism, belief in natural selection.

Some representatives of this group have been also seen and involved in: elitism, kleptocracy, militarism, nepotism (hidden), chauvinism, obscurantism, sexism (weak), nazism, terrorism, eugenics (fascism), voluntarism, expansionism.

They have a conscience.

Cognitive:

Absolute monarchy, anarcho-capitalism, fabian socialism, individual anarchism, globalization, neoliberalism, neototalitarianism, LGBT, social darwinism, capitalism, minimalist totalitarianism, internationalism, toryism, conspiracy theory, ecofascism, feminism, pacifism, anarcho-syndicalism, technocracy, belief in natural selection.

Some representatives of this group have been also seen and involved in: imperialism, elitism, nazism, neo-nazism, nepotism (hidden), kleptocracy, right-wing radicalism, eugenics (fascism), voluntarism, expansionism.

They have a conscience.





Toastmaster:

Parliamentary monarchy, liberal and stagnation totalitarianism, gender equality, georgism, platformism, ochlocracy, info-anarchism, mutualism, pacifism, left libertarianism, liberal socialism, proletariat, syndicalism, paternalism.

Some representatives of this group have been also seen and involved in: elitism, kleptocracy, collective and social anarchism, left radicalism, extremism, ethnic nationalism, nepotism (hidden), eugenics (fascism), expansionism.

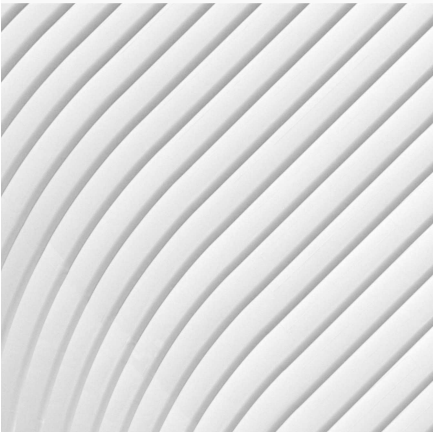
They have no conscience.

Pilgrim:

Traditional and theocratic monarchy, theocratic totalitarianism, anarcho-syndicalism, civic nationalism, communalism, libertarian municipalism, internationalism, autarky, modernism, neoconservatism, paleoconservatism, paternalistic conservatism, right libertarianism, statism, technocracy, conspiracy theory.

Some representatives of this group have been also seen and involved in: kleptocracy, elitism, militarism, nepotism (hidden), sexism, terrorism, eugenics (fascism), expansionism.

They have no conscience.



Ethnos:

Presidential and theocratic republic, authoritarian democracy, ochlocracy, meritocracy, info-anarchism, national conservatism, environmental movement, liberalism, proletariat, pacifism, egalitarianism, conspiracy theory, syndicalism, traditionalism, belief in natural selection.



Some representatives of this group have been also seen and involved in: authoritarianism, nazism, neo-nazism, nepotism (open), chauvinism, sexism (weak), ethnic nationalism, voluntarism.

They have no conscience. Discrimination of other groups, except Ethnos.

Patron:

Parliamentary, aristocratic and mixed republic, representative and imitation democracy, avant-gardism, aristocracy, civic nationalism, authoritarian democracy, pluralism, meritocracy, environmental movement, internationalism, liberalism, queer anarchism, egalitarianism, feminism, anarcho-syndicalism, technocracy, transhumanism, progressivism, belief in natural selection.

Some representatives of this group have been also seen and involved in: authoritarianism, imperialism, interventionism, right-wing radicalism, nazism, nepotism (open), militarism, voluntarism.

They have no conscience. Discrimination of other groups, except Patron.

Virtue:



Presidential and democratic republic, representative, socialist, egalitarian and liberal democracy, agrarianism, anti-imperialism, gender equality, neosocialism, social capitalism, socialism, deep ecology, ochlocracy, meritocracy, primitive anarchism, info-anarchism, environmental movement, left libertarianism, liberalism, proletariat, egalitarianism, conspiracy theory, syndicalism, fundamentalism.

Some representatives of this group have been also seen and involved in: left radicalism, oligarchic democracy, militarism.



They have a conscience.

Pharaoh:

Dualist and constitutional monarchy, minimalist and liberal democracy, anti-imperialism, federalism, meritocracy, environmentalism, pacifism, internationalism, right libertarianism, libertarian conservatism, liberalism, liberal humanism, liberal capitalism, egalitarianism, fiscal conservatism, liberal conservatism, classical liberalism, anarcho-syndicalism, neo-marxism, technocracy.

Some representatives of this group have been also seen and involved in: sexism.

They have a conscience.

But What About Nationalism And Racism Levels Among The 8 Innate Groups Of People?

What is nationalism? In simple words, it is a stable condition when citizens and the authorities of certain country have a greater respect for their own fellow countrymen than for other nationalities and people from another countries or regions. Both, citizens and authorities believe that their country, people, flag, culture and traditions are the best in the world. Such phenomena is usually dictated by innate patriotism of locals and such phenomena always lead to the emergence of country borders.

Here are the tables and the meaning of nationalism and racism and its levels, which is based on logical analysis of the facts and analysis of eight inborn groups of people.

NATIONALISM

MARXIST

ETHNOS

TOASTMASTER

VIRTUE

COGNITIVE

PATRON

PILGRIM

PHARAOH

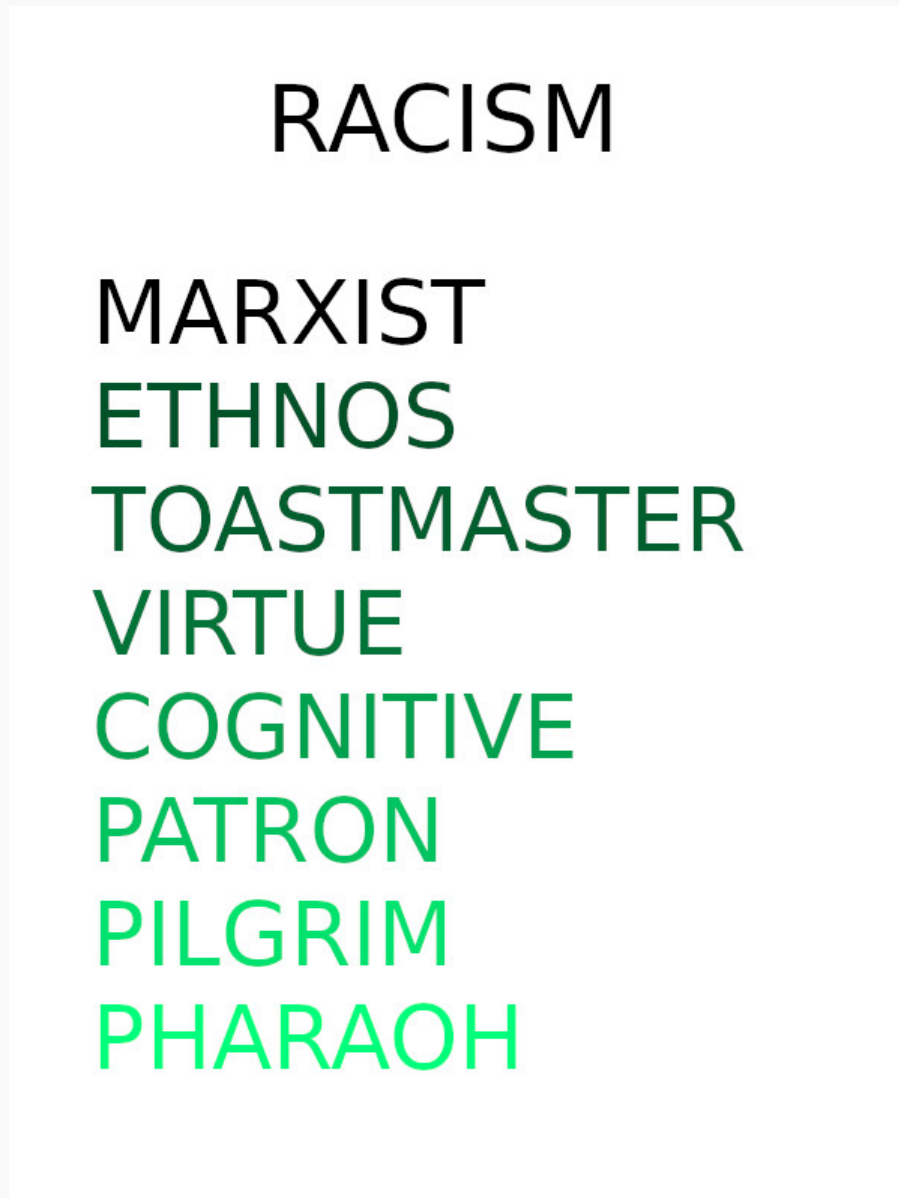
The dark color indicates the highest level of nationalism, while the green shows the lowest level.

There are probably people who confuse the concepts of “nationalism” and “nazism”. What is the difference? We will not refer to dictionaries, but will interpret here our own explanation of the difference between these two terms. As you have already realized, nationalism is a “theoretical” disrespect for foreigners and migrants, but at the same time encouraging and respecting one’s own people and nation. Thus, nationalism does not practically harm other people, but only inwardly respects only “one’s own people” in one’s thoughts. What is its difference from “nazism”?

Nazism is the practical application of nationalism to foreigners and migrants. How exactly is nazism put into practice? Foreigners and migrants are discriminated against when looking for jobs and places of residence, may be forced to hard labor, experience persecution, mockery, forced

deportation and relocation, moral and physical violence, up to and including murder.

What is racism? It is a state of high innate patriotism of locals in the certain country, when they disrespect the foreigners because of the differences in appearance. Such disrespect or even aggression may be caused by skin color differences, physical, cultural, mentality and, as they think, behavioural differences of people.



The dark color indicates the highest level of racism among 8 groups, while the green shows a great tolerance to others regarding their skin color and appearance.

And the last thing worth writing about is conscience. What is that?

Conscience is a stable inner feeling of guilt of a person before other people, if the deeds or words of such a person offended or angered someone. A person with a conscience may doubt his or her conclusions and actions,

constantly revising them, depending on the opinion of the environment. The feeling of guilt may encourage such a person to compromise with others and try to eliminate the problem. Also, a person with a conscience realizes and easily and publicly admits his or her guilt about something if there is an obvious argument or fact against his or her decision or behavior. Having experience in conscience, a person will not repeat previous mistakes and will behave more modestly and carefully next time to other people.

So, as you already know that all people are different. And now you also know that the level of their innate tolerance and interests towards the others is not the same though. That is why all innate groups of people have different hidden or open attitude towards other people, nationalities and race.

Thus, following from this material, we can conclude that any attempt to change or destroy someone else's inner world and ideology is not just a crime, but also an absolutely wrong action from the point of view of both logic and ethics, facts and philosophy.

So, we hope this information will help you to learn more about inner world of people.

Links:

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_political_ideologies



World Typology

The only working classification of people and nature

Details

Team

History

Policy

Terms of service

Privacy policy

Send us a letter

Social networks



